Essential Questions: How do we solve equations when variables appear on both sides of the equals sign? How do we solve equations in the form of a proportion?

**Do Now:** Solve for **x** and check your solution.

$$8x + 2 = 2x - 22 \qquad o \leq \qquad 8x + 2 = 2x - 22 \\
-2x - 2x \qquad + 22 \qquad + 22 \qquad 8x + 2 = 2x - 22 \\
6x + 2 = -22 \qquad 8x + 24 = 2x \qquad 8(-4) + 2 = 2(-4) - 2i \\
-2 - 2 - 2 \qquad -8x \qquad -8x \qquad -32 + 2 = -8 - 22 \\
\frac{6x}{6} = -24 \qquad \frac{24}{6} = -6x \qquad -30 = -30 \\
x = -4 \qquad x = -4$$

## Let's Review

# Solving Equations with Variables on Both Sides



How do we solve equations when variables appear on both sides of the equals sign?

- 1) Simplify each side of the equation as much as possible.
- 2) Bring variable terms to one side of the equation and constants to the other side of the equation using properties of equality.
- 3) Solve for the variable.
- 4) Check solution with the original equation.

## **Examples:**

1. 
$$3x-4=9x$$
 $-3x$ 
 $-4=6x$ 
 $-4=6x$ 
 $-2=x$ 

check
 $3x-4=9x$ 
 $3(-\frac{2}{3})-4=9(-\frac{2}{3})$ 
 $-2-4=-6$ 
 $-6=-6$ 

2. 
$$6x+1-9x=5-x$$

$$-3x+1=5-x$$

$$+3x +3x$$

$$1=5+2x$$

$$-5-5$$

$$-4=2x$$

$$2$$

$$x=-2$$

$$check$$

$$6x+1-9x=5-x$$

$$6(-2)+1-9(-2)=5-(-2)$$

$$-12+1+18=7$$

$$7=7$$

3. 
$$2(x+3) = 10+x$$
  
 $2x+6 = 10+x$   
 $-x$   $-x$   
 $x+6 = 10$   
 $-6-6$   
 $x = 4$   
 $\frac{check}{2(x+3)} = 10+x$   
 $2(4+3) = 10+4$   
 $2(7) = 14$   
 $14 = 14$ 

## Solving Equations in the form of Proportions

#### What is a proportion?

A proportion is an equation that states that two ratios are equal. Ex:  $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$ 

#### How do we solve proportions?

A proportion can be solved by cross multiplying.  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \rightarrow ad = cb$ 

Important: Put all polynomial numerators and denominators in ()

Solve for x in each proportion. Check your solution.

4. 
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4x}{42}$$
 $3(4x) = 2(42)$ 
 $12x = \frac{84}{12}$ 
 $2(x+1) = 4(5)$ 
 $2(x+1) = 4(5)$ 
 $2(x+1) = \frac{5}{2}$ 
 $2x + 2 = 20$ 
 $2x = \frac{18}{2}$ 
 $2x = \frac{18}{2}$ 
 $2x = \frac{19}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$ 
 $2x = \frac{18}{2}$ 
 $2x = \frac{19}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$ 
 $2x = \frac{18}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$ 
 $3 = \frac{4(7)}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$ 
 $3 = \frac{10}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$ 
 $3 = \frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$ 

6.  $\frac{2x + 12}{x} = -\frac{4}{1}$ 
 $\frac{2x + 12}{x} = -4$ 
 $\frac{2x + 12}{x} = -4$ 
 $\frac{3(x - 4) = 2(x + 3)}{3x - 12 = 2x + 6}$ 
 $\frac{-2x}{-2x} = -2x$ 
 $\frac{-4x + 12}{-2} = -4$ 
 $\frac{-4x + 12}{-2} = -4$ 

8. For the equation below, identify the property/process used in each step.



$$25 + 10(12 - x) = 5(2x - 7)$$

$$25 + 120 - 10x = 10x - 35$$

distributive property

$$145 - 10x = 10x - 35$$

combine like terms

$$-10x = 10x - 180$$

subtraction property of equality

$$-20x = -180$$

subtraction property of equality

$$x = 9$$

division property of equality



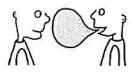
#### TODAY'S TAKE AWAY...

When solving equations with variables on both sides, it is necessary to bring the variables to

one side \_\_\_\_of the equation and the constants to the other side.

Always check the \_\_\_\_\_solution\_\_\_\_ with the original equation.

#### Turn and Talk:



Is the following equation solved correctly? Explain the process that was used in the first step.

Given: -6 + 2x = 10 + 4x

$$-6 + 2x = 10 + 4x$$

$$2$$

$$-3 + x = 5 + 2x$$

$$-x - x$$

$$-3 = 5 + x$$

$$-5 -5$$

$$-8 = x$$

division property of equality (every term was divided by the same number )