## 8 Algebra CC <br> Unit 6 Review (Linear Functions)

## Important Terminology

| coordinate plane | function | y-intercept | table of values |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| x-coordinate | linear function | x-intercept | slope-intercept |
| y-coordinate | vertical line | positive slope | intercept |
| ordered pair | horizontal line | negative slope | domain |
| origin | rate of change | zero slope | range |
| x-axis | slope | undefined slope | restricted domain |
| y-axis | rise | input | restricted range |
| quadrants | run | output |  |

## Equations of Lines

| Vertical Line | Horizontal Line | Slope-Intercept Form | Standard Form |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{x = \mathbf { a }}$ | $\boldsymbol{y}=\mathbf{b}$ | $\boldsymbol{y}=\mathbf{m} \boldsymbol{x}+\mathbf{b}$ | $\mathbf{A x}+\mathbf{B} \boldsymbol{y}=\mathbf{C}$ |

Rate of Change (Slope) $=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}=\frac{\text { rise }}{\text { run }}=\frac{\text { difference in } y-\text { values }}{\text { difference in } x-\text { values }}$

## What should I be able to do?

- Recognize a function from a graph, mapping diagram or set of points
- Rewrite a linear equation in $\boldsymbol{y}=\mathbf{m x}+\mathbf{b}$ form
- Graph a linear function using a table of values
- Graph a linear function by finding $x$ and $y$-intercepts
- Graph a linear function using the slope-intercept method
- Determine if a point is part of the graph of a linear equation
- Find the slope of a line from a graph using rise to run
- Given two points, find the slope of a line using $\frac{\text { difference in } y \text {-values }}{\text { difference in } x \text {-values }}$
- Graph horizontal and vertical lines
- Graph linear functions with a restricted domain
- State the domain and range of a graphed linear relationship


## Practice Problem Set - show all work on a separate sheet of paper

1. In this unit, we discussed three ways to graph a linear function.

Using the example $4 y-2 x=-16$, demonstrate each method of graphing and explain the process.
2. Is (-95, -287) part of the graph of $y=3 x-2$ ? Justify your response.
3. a) On the same set of axes, graph the following lines: $y=-1$ and $x=6$
b) Name the point where the two lines intersect.
4. Which function rule creates the graph labeled $\ell$ ?
A. Each output is equal to two-thirds the input subtracted from two
B. Each output is equal to three halves the input subtracted from two
C. Each output is equal to two more than two-thirds the input
D. Each output is equal to two more than three halves the input

5. Kate says that the linear relationship pictured below can be represented by the equation $y=\frac{3}{4} x+3$. Do you agree or disagree? Justify your response.

6. Does the relation below represent a function? Explain.

7. Determine the slope of the line passing through the following points.
a) $(6,3)$ and $(1,4)$
b) $(-9,4)$ and $(-6,4)$ What type of line is formed from these points?
8. a) Graph $y=\frac{2}{3} x-4$ defined by the domain $-3 \leq x \leq 6$ where $x$ is a real number.
b) State the range of the function.
9. Graph $4 x-y=8$ using any method.
10. State the domain and range of the graph.


Use the coordinate planes below for \#'s 1, 3, 8 and 9.







