Essential Question: How can we graph a linear relationship using the Slope-Intercept Method?

Do Now: Graph $3 y-6 x=-12$ by finding the $x$ and $y$-intercepts.


Complete the table below:

| Equation | Slope of the Line | Y-Intercept | Equation in $y=m x+b$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 y-6 x=-12$ |  |  |  |

Can you draw a conclusion based on the information in the table?

## Graphing Lines using the Slope-Intercept Method

- Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form $(y=m x+b)$.
- Identify the slope and $y$-intercept of the equation.

$\qquad$
- Plot the $y$-intercept (the point where the line crosses the $y$-axis).
- From the $y$-intercept, use the slope to plot a few more points.
- Connect the points and graph the line.

Graph each linear function using the slope-intercept method.

1. Graph $y=\frac{2}{3} x+4$

2. Graph $y=x$

3. Graph $y=-\frac{1}{2} x-1$

4. Graph $y=-2 x+1$

5. Graph $2 y-3 x=8$
6. Graph $x-y=-6$



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In order to graph a linear relationship using the slope-intercept method, first put the equation in
$\qquad$ form (slope-intercept form). Next, identify the $\qquad$ and
$\qquad$ . The first point plotted is the $\qquad$ $(0, b)$. Use the
$\qquad$ (rise/run) to create a second point, third point, etc....

Connect the points to create a line.

