Essential Questions: What is a geometric sequence? How do we define geometric sequences explicitly?

Do Now: In the movie "Pay it Forward" the main character, a young boy, determines that he can make a significant difference in the world by creating a chain of events. During the movie he helps three people, who each help three people and so on.

(a) How many people's lives would be affected in the $6^{\text {th }}$ round of this pattern?

1, 3, 9, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ 1
(b) Identify the pattern in this sequence of numbers.
(https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KxB43PxasGA)

## What is a Geometric Sequence?

If a sequence of values follows a pattern of multiplying a fixed amount (not zero) to arrive at the next term, it is referred to as a geometric sequence. In a geometric sequence, the ratio of successive terms is called the common ratio ( $r$ ).

To find the common ratio: Divide any term by the previous term.
$>$ The common ratio in this example is $\qquad$ _.

To find the next term: Multiply the previous term by the common ratio.
$>$ The next term in this example is $\qquad$ .


Let's take a look at some sequences... is there a common ratio? If so, find the next term in the sequence.
(1) $1,-2,4,-8, \ldots$
(2) $3,6,10,15, \ldots$
(3) $1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \ldots$

## Writing Geometric Sequences as Functions

You can use the first term and the common ratio to write a function rule that describes a geometric sequence. Assume the first term is 4 and the common ratio is 3.
$a_{1}=$ $\qquad$ $r=$ $\qquad$

| Term \# <br> $n$ | Term <br> $a_{n}$ | Written in terms of <br> $a_{1}$ and $r$ | Term |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $a_{1}$ | $a_{1}$ | 4 |
| 2 | $a_{2}$ | $a_{1} \cdot r$ | $4 \cdot 3=12$ |
| 3 | $a_{3}$ | $a_{1} \cdot r \cdot r->a_{1} \cdot r^{2}$ | $4(3)^{2}=36$ |
| 4 | $a_{4}$ | $a_{1} \cdot r \cdot r \cdot r \rightarrow a_{1} \cdot r^{3}$ | $4(3)^{3}=108$ |
| $n$ | $a_{n}$ |  |  |

The Explicit Formula to find the $n$th term of a geometric sequence:
Subscript Notation $\quad a_{n}=$

Function Notation $a(n)=$
(4) Given the following geometric sequence: $1,4,16,64, \ldots$
a) Define the sequence explicitly.
b) Find the 11th term. $n=$ $\qquad$
$a_{1}=$ $\qquad$ $r=$ $\qquad$
(5) Given the following geometric sequence: $128,32,8,2,0.5, \ldots$
a) Write an equation to find the $n$th term.
b) Find the 8th term. $n=$ $\qquad$
$a_{1}=$ $\qquad$ $r=$ $\qquad$
(6) Given the following geometric sequence:

| $n$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $a_{n}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | -2 | 6 | -18 |

a) Write an equation to find the $n$th term.
b) Find the 7th term.

## The <br> TAKE AWAY

$>$ The ratio of successive terms in a geometric sequence is called the
$\qquad$ _.
> The explicit formula for a geometric sequence allows you to find the $n$th term of the sequence by substituting the values of $\qquad$ (first term) and $\qquad$ (common ratio) in the equation $a_{n}=$ $\qquad$ .

1. Find the common ratio of each of the following geometric sequences.
a) $2,6,18,54, \ldots$
b) $135,45,15,5, \ldots$
c) $7,-14,28,-56, \ldots$
2. (a) Write an equation for the $n$th term of the geometric sequence.
(b) Using the equation, find $a_{6}$.
a) $3,6,12,24, \ldots$
b) $0.375,3,24,192, \ldots$
c)

| $\boldsymbol{n}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{a}_{\boldsymbol{n}}$ | -1024 | 128 | -16 | 2 |

