

Algebra RH

Essential Question: How do we simplify fractional exponents?

DO NOW:

a) Simplify: $\left(x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) =$

\times

b) Simplify: $\left(z^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\left(z^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\left(z^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) =$

z

Apply "power over root". Calculators will not be permitted!

MAIN POINT: $x^{\frac{p}{r}}$ means take the r th root of x , and then raise that to the p power.

$$\sqrt{81} \longrightarrow 81^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{27} \longrightarrow 27^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$4^{\frac{5}{2}} \longrightarrow (\sqrt{4})^5$$

Practice

1) Evaluate and simplify each of the following:

a) $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$\sqrt[3]{64}$$

$$4$$

d) $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$

$$(\sqrt{4})^3$$

$$2^3$$

$$8$$

b) $125^{\frac{4}{3}}$

$$\left(\sqrt[3]{125}\right)^4$$

$$5^4$$

$$625$$

e) $\left(\frac{81}{9}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\left(\frac{9}{81}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$(9)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

c) $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$

$$\left(\sqrt[3]{27}\right)^2$$

$$3^2$$

$$9$$

f) $\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\left(\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{b^2}{a^2}}$$

$$\frac{b}{a}$$

$$\frac{b}{a}$$

2) Solve (only positive solutions will be accepted) each of the following equations for the indicated variable.

a) $x = 81^{\frac{1}{4}}$

$$x = \sqrt[4]{81}$$

$$x = 3$$

b) $x = \left(\frac{27}{8}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$x = \left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$x = \frac{\sqrt[3]{8}}{\sqrt[3]{27}} \rightarrow \frac{2}{3}$$

c) $x^2 = 49$

$$(x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 49^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x = \sqrt{49}$$

$$x = 7$$

d) $k^3 = 27$

$$(k^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 27^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$k = \sqrt[3]{27}$$

$$k = 3$$

e) $x^{\frac{1}{2}} = 8$

$$(x^{\frac{1}{2}})^2 = 8^2$$

$$x = 64$$

f) $x^{\frac{1}{2}} = 7$

$$(x^{\frac{1}{2}})^2 = (7)^2$$

$$x = 49$$

g) $\frac{4k^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$

$$k^{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left(k^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4$$

$$k = \frac{1}{16}$$

3) TRUE or FALSE : If $x \geq 0$, then $x^{\frac{a}{b}} = (\sqrt[b]{x})^a = \sqrt[b]{x^a}$

$$8^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt[3]{8}\right)^2$$

$$2^2$$

$$4$$

or

$$\sqrt[3]{8^2}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{64}$$

$$4$$